

Crypto-exotic baryons with charm

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✓ **Dynamic generation of resonances:** *40 years of history!*

- $\Lambda(1405) \longleftrightarrow (\bar{K} N)$: Dalitz, Wyld, Rajasekaran, Weise, Siegel, ...
- $N(1535) \longleftrightarrow (K \Sigma)$: Dalitz, Wyld, Weise, Kaiser, Oset, ...
- $\Lambda(1520) \longleftrightarrow (\bar{K}_\mu N)$: Ball, Frazer, Aaron, Amado, ...
- $f_0(980) \longleftrightarrow (K \bar{K})$: Van Beveren, Isgur, Pelaez, ...

✓ **Conjecture:**

Found. Phys. (2001)

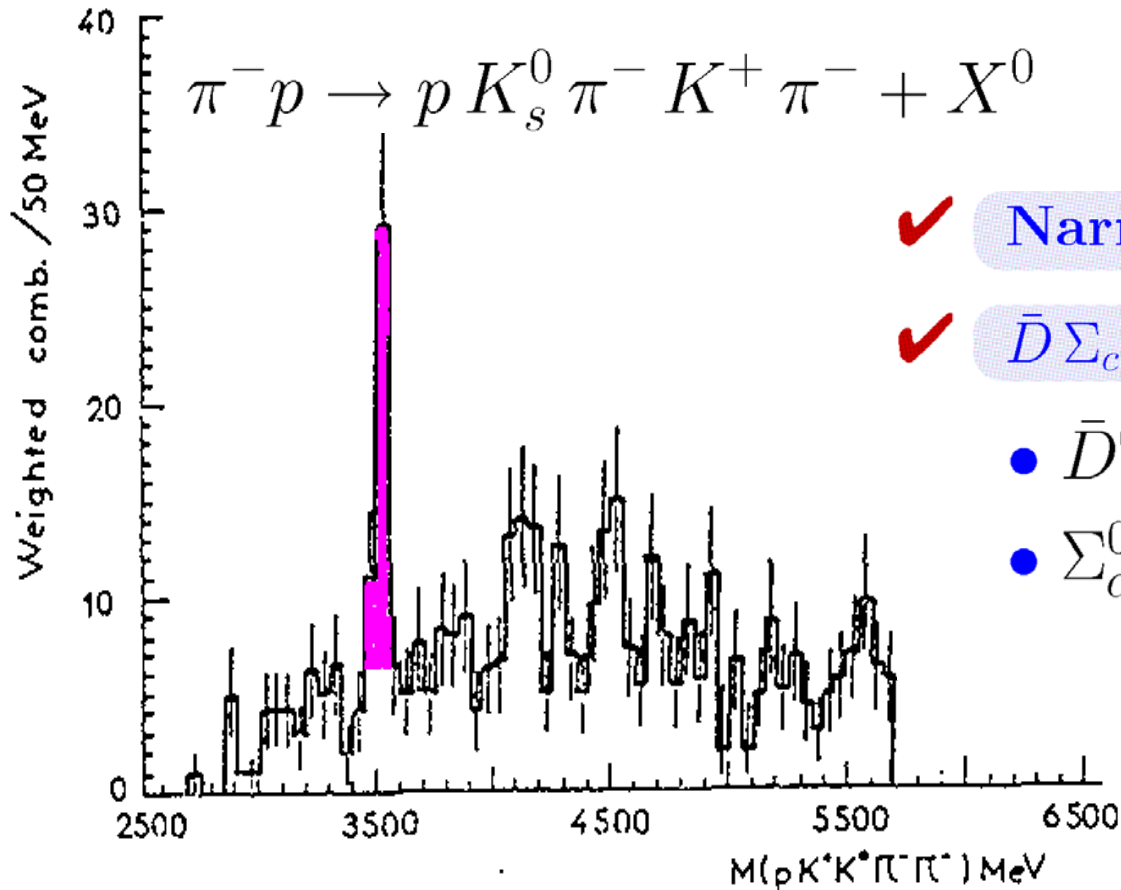
Excited baryon and meson resonances generated by coupled-channel dynamics

Do charmed pentaquarks states exist?

- ✓ **Lipkin 1987:** discusses pentaquarks with $C = -1$ and $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$
favours $S = -1$ and $S = -2$ channels Phys. Lett. B195
- ✓ **Genovese et al 1998:** not sufficient binding in quark model Phys. Lett. B425
- ✓ **H1 collaboration 2004:** signal in $D_-^* p$ and $D_+^* \bar{p}$ invariant mass at 3.099 GeV Phys. Lett. B588
- ✓ **Kim et al. 2004:** QCD sum rules suggest H1 signal $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$ Phys. Lett. B595
- ✓ **FOCUS collaboration 2005:** no signal in $D_-^* p$ and $D_- p$ invariant mass Phys. Lett. 2005

Do crypto exotic baryons exist?

✓ **Hints from** bubble chamber experiment with 19 GeV π^- beam



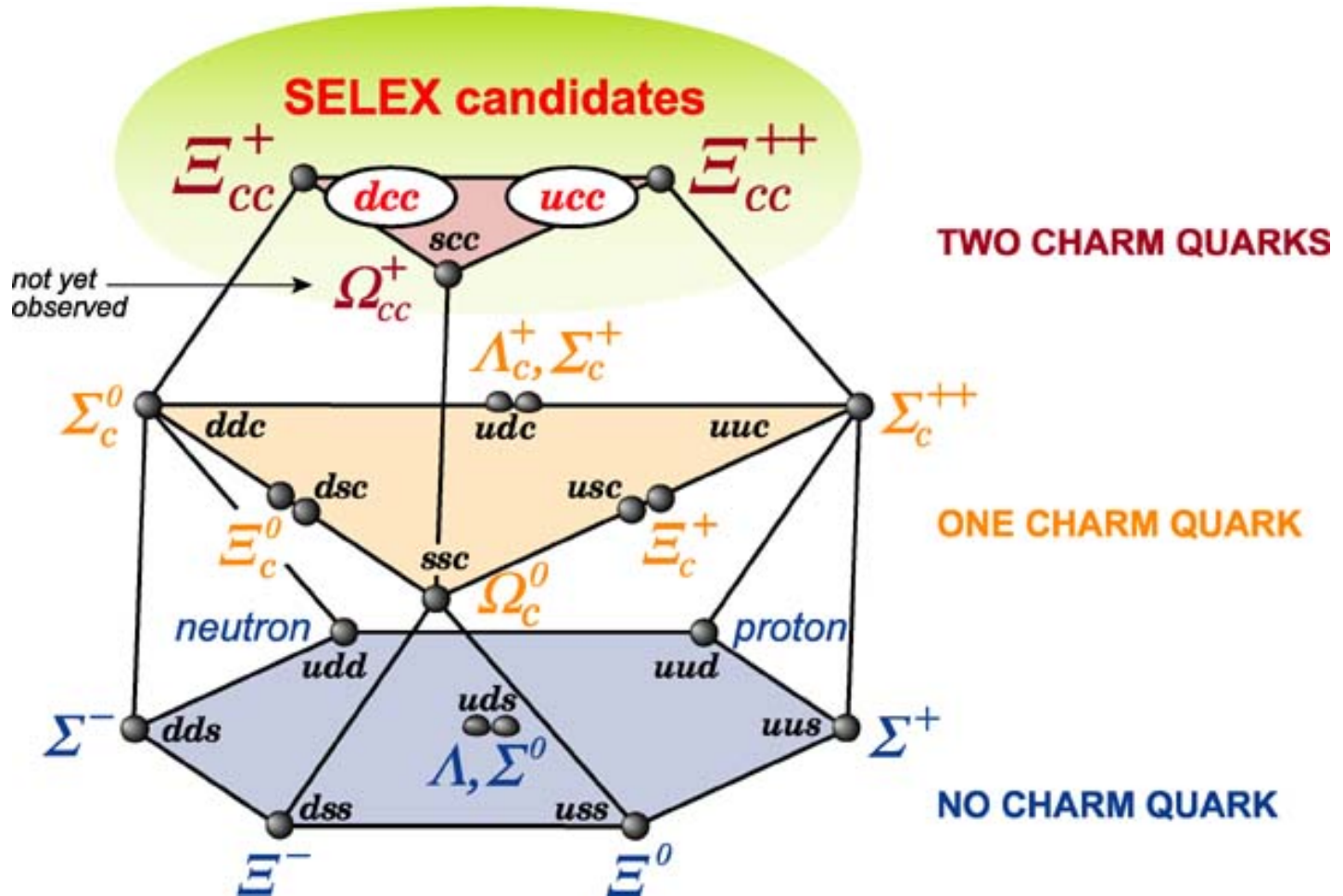
✓ **Narrow N(3520) state?**

✓ **$\bar{D}\Sigma_c$ molecule?**

- $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ (3.8%)
- $\Sigma_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$ (100%)
 $\rightarrow (p \bar{K}^0) \pi^-$ (2.3%)

Degrees of freedom I)

✓ $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$ ground states:



Degrees of freedom II)

✓ $J^P = 0^-$ ground states:

$$\Phi_{[16]} = \begin{pmatrix} \pi_0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \eta + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \eta' & \sqrt{2} \pi_+ & \sqrt{2} K_+ & \sqrt{2} \bar{D}^0 \\ \sqrt{2} \pi_- & -\pi_0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \eta + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \eta' & \sqrt{2} K^0 & -\sqrt{2} \bar{D}^- \\ \sqrt{2} \bar{K}^- & \sqrt{2} \bar{K}^0 & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \eta + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \eta' & \sqrt{2} \bar{D}_s^- \\ \sqrt{2} D^0 & -\sqrt{2} D^+ & \sqrt{2} D_s^+ & \sqrt{2} \eta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

✓ $J^P = 1^-$ ground states

$$V_{[16]}^\mu = \begin{pmatrix} \rho_0^\mu + \omega^\mu & \sqrt{2} \rho_+^\mu & \sqrt{2} K_+^\mu & \sqrt{2} \bar{D}_0^\mu \\ \sqrt{2} \rho_-^\mu & -\rho_0^\mu + \omega^\mu & \sqrt{2} K_0^\mu & -\sqrt{2} \bar{D}_-^\mu \\ \sqrt{2} \bar{K}_-^\mu & \sqrt{2} \bar{K}_{*0}^\mu & \sqrt{2} \phi^\mu & \sqrt{2} \bar{D}_-^{s,\mu} \\ \sqrt{2} D_0^\mu & -\sqrt{2} D_+^\mu & \sqrt{2} D_+^{s,\mu} & \sqrt{2} J/\Psi^\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

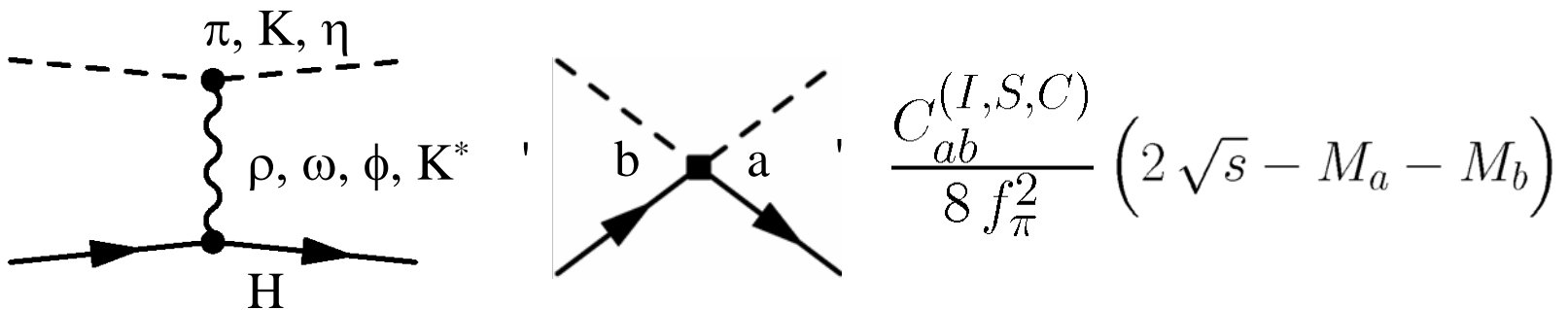
Effective interaction I)

- ✓ **Chiral SU(3) symmetry:** predicts s-wave interaction of Goldstone bosons with any hadron (H)

- $(\pi, K, \bar{K}, \eta) \otimes (D, D_s) \leftrightarrow 8 \otimes \bar{3} = \bar{3} \oplus 6 \oplus \bar{15}$ molecules !

- $(\pi, K, \bar{K}, \eta) \otimes (\Lambda_c, \Xi_c) \leftrightarrow 8 \otimes 3 = 3 \oplus \bar{6} \oplus 15$ molecules !

- ✓ **Universally coupled vector mesons:** recovers chiral constraints



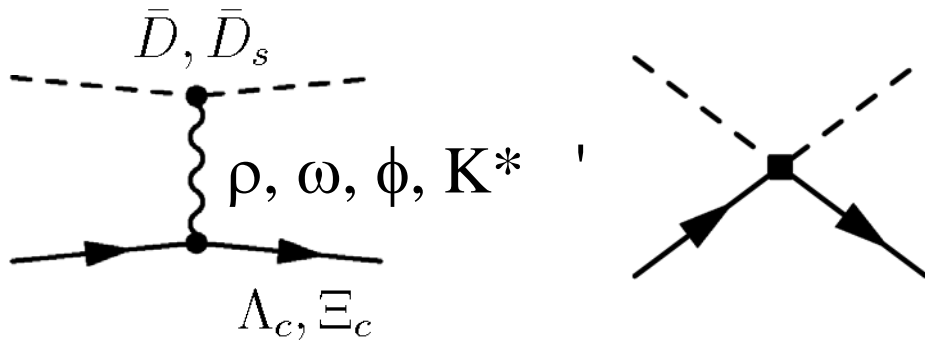
Weinberg-Tomozawa theorem

Effective interaction II)

✓ Effective Lagrangian density

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{int}}^{\text{SU}(4)} &= \frac{i}{4} g \text{tr} \left([(\partial_\mu \Phi_{[16]}), \Phi_{[16]}] - V_{[16]}^\mu \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} g \sum_{i,j,k,l=1}^4 \bar{B}_{ijk}^{[20]} \gamma^\mu \left(V_{\mu,l}^{[16],k} B_{[20]}^{ijl} + 2 V_{\mu,l}^{[16],j} B_{[20]}^{ilk} \right) \end{aligned}$$

- Universal vector coupling constant g
 - KSFR relation: $g = \frac{m_\rho}{\sqrt{2} f_\pi}$
- } consistent with chiral constraints !



$$\simeq \sum_{V \in [16]} \frac{g^2}{m_V^2} C_V (2\sqrt{s} - M - \bar{M})$$

SU(4) breaking pattern

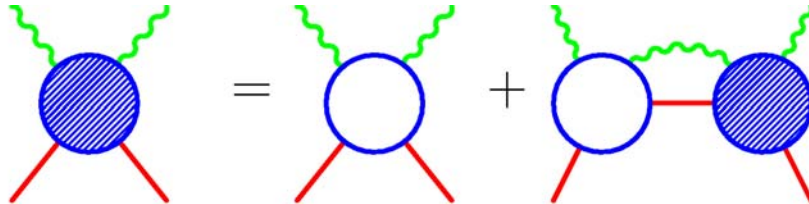
✓ Determination of universal coupling constant

- from $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ decay: $g \simeq 5.8 \pm 0.4$
- from $D_*^+ \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$ decay: $g \simeq 10.4 \pm 1.4$
- from KSFR relation: $g \simeq 7.0 \pm 1.0$

✓ Moderate SU(4) breaking in 3-point vertices !?

✓ To be addressed by Lattice QCD

Coupled-channel Bethe-Salpeter equation

✓ **Scattering amplitude:** 

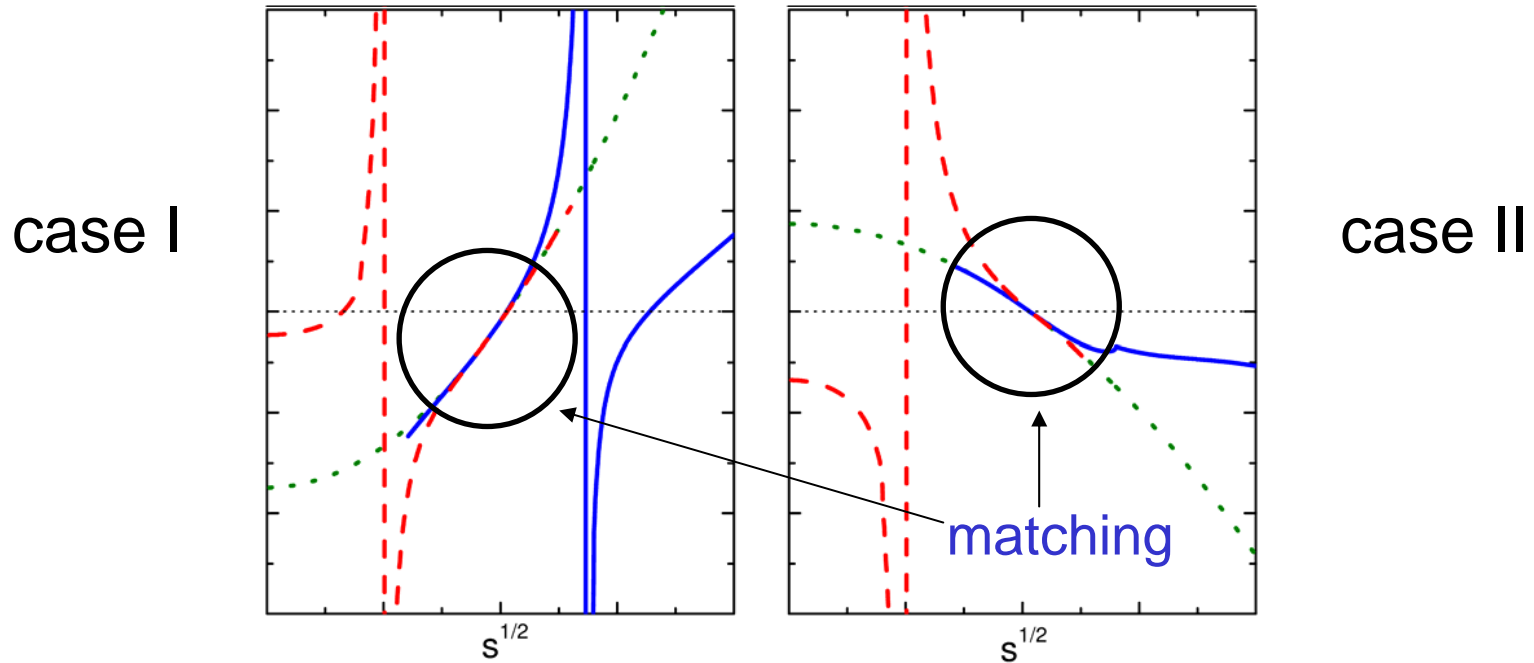
✓ **Strategy:** *chiral and large- N_c expansion of effective interaction kernel*

✓ **Covariant projection operators:** *covariant partial wave expansion*

✓ **Crossing symmetry:** Match u- and s-channel amplitudes

Crossing-symmetric scattering amplitudes

Typical forward scattering amplitude



✓ Gluing of s- and u-channel unitarized amplitudes:

- requires good matching properties
- by construction: exact crossing symmetry in physical region
- approximate crossing symmetry at subthreshold energies

Coupled-channel dynamics for $C=-1$ molecules

$C = -1 : (I, S)$	state	M_R [MeV] Γ_R [MeV]	$ g_R $	M_R [MeV] Γ_R [MeV]	$ g_R $
$(\frac{1}{2}, -1)$	$\bar{D}_s N$	2687	3.8	2780	3.3
	$\bar{D} \Lambda$	0	1.4	0	1.1
	$\bar{D} \Sigma$	0	5.4	0	4.9
$(0, -2)$	$\bar{D}_s \Lambda$	2763	3.4	2838	3.0
	$\bar{D} \Xi$	0	6.1	0	5.6

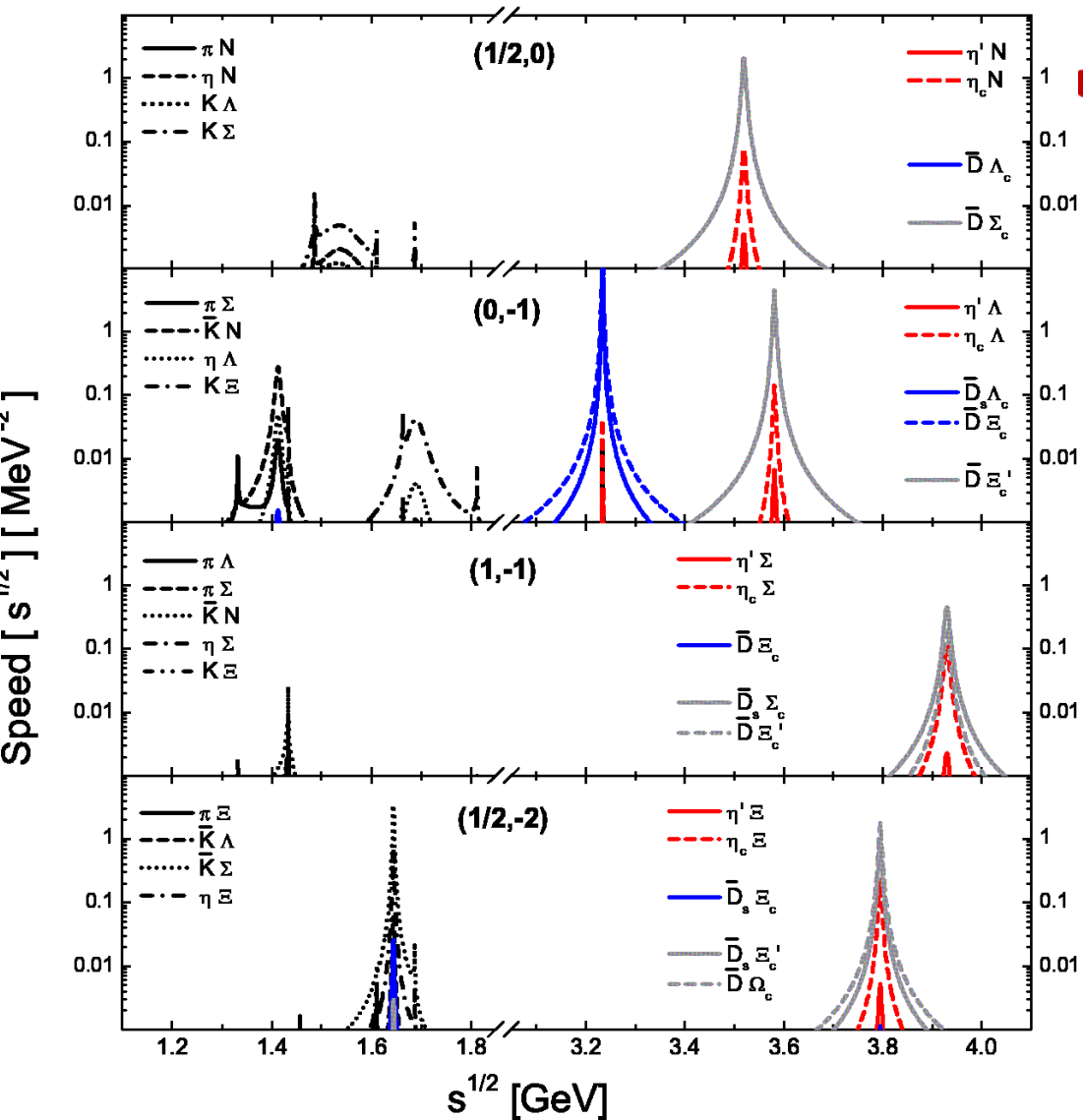
✓ **Leading-order interaction:** universally coupled vector mesons ($g = 6.6$)

$$3 \otimes 8 = 3 \oplus \bar{6} \oplus 15 \quad \text{strong attraction in } 3 \quad \text{with } J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$$

✓ **OZI violation:** allow small $\phi D \bar{D}$ vertex

pushes up the masses of the triplet states

Coupled-channel dynamics for $C = 0$ molecules



Leading-order interaction:

$$8 \otimes 8 = 1 \oplus 8 \oplus 8 \oplus 10 \oplus \bar{10} \oplus 27$$

- recover $N(1535)$, $\Lambda(1405)$
 $\Lambda(1670)$, $\Xi(1690)$

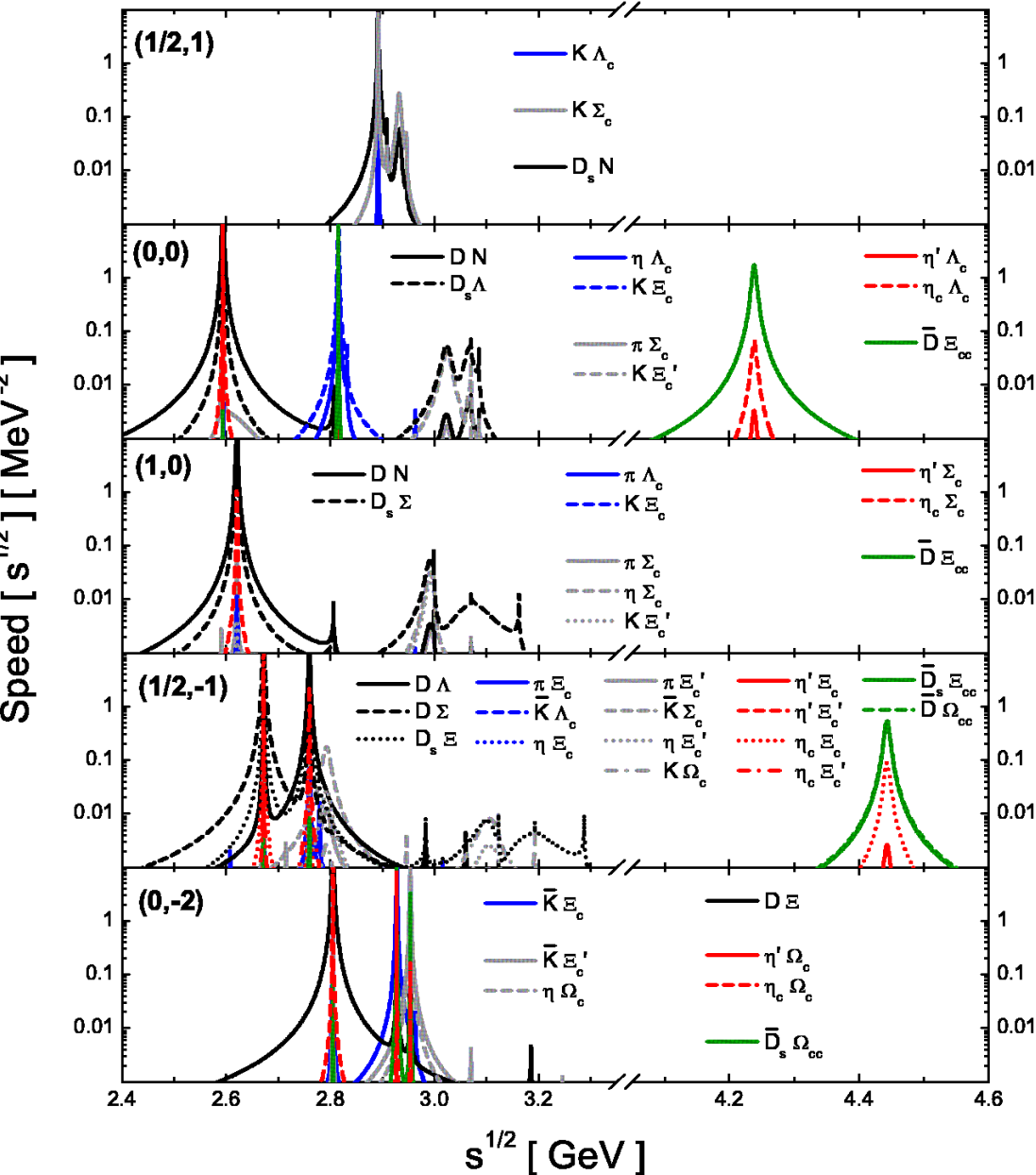
$$3 \otimes \bar{3} = 1 \oplus 8 \quad \bar{c}c \text{ pair}$$

- predict crypto-exotic $\Lambda(3234)$
width about 1 MeV
equal branching into
 $\pi \Sigma$, $\bar{K} N$, $\eta \Lambda$, $K \Xi$

$$3 \otimes 6 = 8 \oplus 10 \quad \bar{c}c \text{ pair}$$

- predict crypto-exotic $N(3524)$,
 $\Lambda(3581)$, $\Sigma(3930)$, $\Xi(3798)$,
width about 10 MeV
decay dominantly into η'

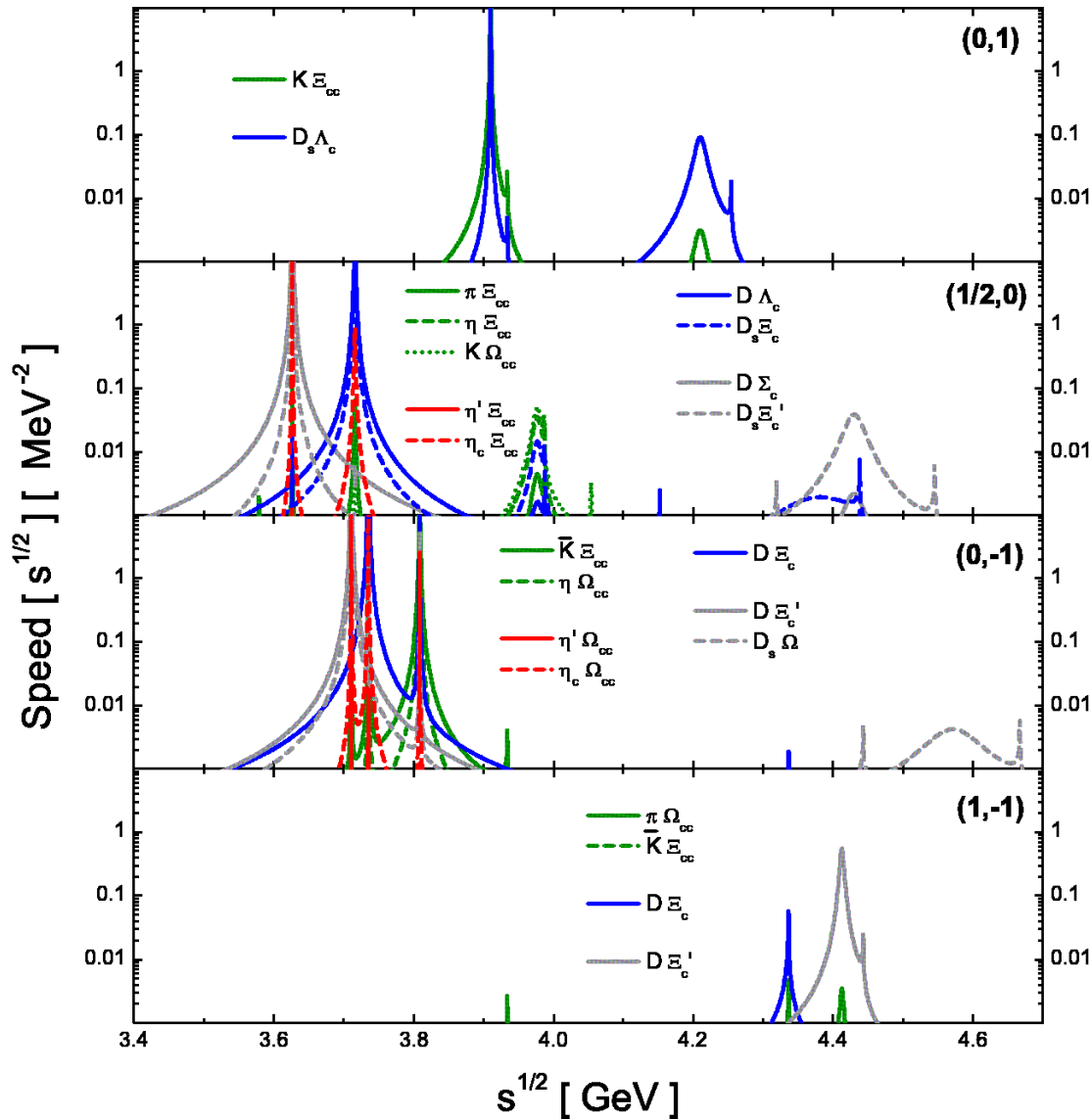
Coupled-channel dynamics for $C = 1$ molecules



✓ Leading-order interaction:

- $\Lambda_c(2593)$ is a $D N$, $D_s \Lambda$ molecule
- $\Lambda_c(2880)$ is not a $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$ state
- $\Xi_c(2790)$ is a $\bar{K} \Sigma_c$, $\eta \Xi'_c$ molecule
- predict many narrow states !

Coupled-channel dynamics for $C = 2$ molecules



rich spectrum !

Summary

- ✓ **0^- interaction with $\frac{1}{2}^+$:** t-channel exchange of light vector mesons
 - universally coupled vector mesons \rightarrow chiral constraints recovered
 - s-wave interaction $\rightarrow J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$ baryon spectrum
- ✓ **Charm -1 :** strong attraction in Lipkin channels $(I, S) = (\frac{1}{2}, -1), (0, -2)$
 - bound $\bar{D}_s N, \bar{D} \Lambda, \bar{D} \Sigma$ and $\bar{D}_s \Lambda, \bar{D} \Xi$ systems
 - difficult to detect - to be addressed by Lattice QCD
- ✓ **Charm 0 :** predict existence of crypto exotic baryons with hidden $\bar{c}c$
 - narrow $N(3524), \Lambda(3581), \Sigma(3930), \Xi(3798)$ baryons
 - decay dominantly into η' with width about 10 MeV
 - even stronger binding for $\Lambda(3234)$ - suppressed $\eta'\Lambda$ decay
- ✓ **Charm $+1, +2, +3$:** predict many narrow states so far unobserved