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## **Physics Division Seminar**

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## Isobaric Analogue State Inversion in Mirror Nuclei

**Host: Ben Kay** 

Monday, April 13, 2020 - 3:30 PM - Via BlueJeans

Please join us for the next Physics Division Seminar via BlueJeans. On Monday (4/13/20) slightly before 3:30 pm go to the meeting URL: <a href="https://bluejeans.com/494035704">https://bluejeans.com/494035704</a>

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Abstract: Isospin is an approximate symmetry in atomic nuclei, arising from the rather similar properties of protons and neutrons. Perhaps the clearest manifestation of isospin within nuclei is in the near-identical structure of excited states in mirror nuclei: nuclei with inverted numbers of protons and neutrons. Isospin symmetry, and therefore mirror-symmetry, is broken by electromagnetic interactions and the difference in the masses of the up and down quarks. A recent study presented evidence that the ground-state spin and parity of <sup>73</sup>Sr is different from that of its mirror, <sup>73</sup>Br, due to an inversion of the ground- and first-excited states, separated by only 27 keV in the <sup>73</sup>Br system. Here, I employ the abundance of experimental data in less-exotic nuclear systems to demonstrate that the proposed inversion of state-ordering is consistent with expected isospin-symmetry breaking behaviour and does not require the invoking of additional breaking effects.